



Zebra & Quagga mussel qLAMP detection

Kit

Real-time quantitative analysis of the Zebra & Quagga mussel gene region 18S

Catalog Number: NA2054

For Research Use Only. Not for use in Diagnostic Procedures.

1. Background

Zebra mussels (*Dreissena polymorpha*) and quagga mussels (*D. rostriformis bugensis*) are ecologically and economically destructive invasive bivalves. Their microscopic larval stage (veligers) makes early detection challenging. The **18S ribosomal RNA (rRNA) gene**, a highly conserved region in the nuclear genome, has been used as a molecular target for their detection. While useful for broad taxonomic identification, its high conservation limits the ability to reliably distinguish between these two closely related *Dreissena* species.

2. Test Principle

Attogene's LAMP kit for Zebra & Quagga mussel is designed for the in vitro analysis of the crucial genetic marker 18S. A gene-specific primer mix targeting the 18S region is provided for amplification and detection using SYBR Green dye on a LAMP instrument. Samples are collected and processed to extract purified genomic DNA (gDNA). A reaction mixture is prepared using provided primers, SYBR Green master mix, and extracted gDNA samples as required. The assembled reaction is then loaded onto the LAMP instrument for amplification. The primer mix utilizes Bst polymerase to amplify the gene region of interest, with the SYBR Green dye binding specifically to double-stranded DNA during LAMP. This allows for real-time fluorescence detection across a wide range of LAMP platforms.

3. Applications

- This kit can be used for specific analysis of the 18S gene region in liquid gDNA samples.

4. Equipment and Reagents Needed (not provided)

- Real-time LAMP Instrument
- LAMP 2X Master Mix 2X SYBR green
- DNA extraction kit/ gDNA sample
- LAMP reaction tubes/plate
- Vortex and centrifuge
- PCR clean 1mL tube
- Micropipettes & Tips

5. Components Provided in This Kit

- 170ul 18S region specific primer pairs (150 reactions)
- 1.5ml PCR clean water

6. Reagents Preparation

Master Mix (not Provided)

-Master mix with 2x SYBR green is necessary to use this kit.

-Caution this reagent is sensitive to contamination and should only be handled in a clean area away from positive control template.

-Store at -20C. Master Mix is stable when stored at -20C. Freeze and thaw cycles should be minimized to increase shelf life.

-If required aliquots of Master Mix should be made and stored at -20C to minimize freeze

thaw and contamination risk.

Primer Mixture 5uM

-Caution these reagents are sensitive to contamination and should only be handled in a clean area away from positive samples.

-Store at -20C. Primer mixture is stable when stored at -20C. Freeze and thaw cycles should be minimized to increase shelf life.

-If required aliquots of Primers should be made and stored at -20C in the dark to minimize freeze thaw and contamination risk.

7. Control Preparation

Negative extraction control (NEC)

-If necessary, prepare one NEC each time extracting DNA from your sample.

-RNase/DNase free water is used in place of sample in the extraction system to create a negative for the DNA isolation method.

- The NEC will serve as a contamination control method for the isolation.

No Template control (NTC)

-If necessary, a NTC can be made by replacing gDNA in the LAMP reaction with RNase/DNase free water

-The NTC is used to check for contamination during LAMP plate set up

8. Assay Set Up

-gDNA isolation will need to be done before starting an experiment. For optimal results use >10ng/uL of gDNA with a ratio of >1.80 in your experiment. IEC multiplexing can also be done to ensure proper DNA extraction (not included).

-Plate set up will vary with the quantity of samples you need to run on your plate. A NEC is preferably included in each plate set up. NTCs should be included in each plate set up.

-Determine the number of reactions to set up in your assay (including NEC, PCT and any NTCs for your plate). It is necessary to make extra reaction mixture to allow for pipetting error.

-For convenience a large solution of LAMP components will be mixed shortly before starting a reaction and subsequently aliquoted into your plate or tubes. Each LAMP run will use 19uL of this reaction mixture and 1uL of isolated gDNA/NTC/PCT/NEC based on the experiment set up.

9. LAMP detection protocol

1. For each DNA sample prepare a reaction mix according to the table below:

(Include sufficient reactions for positive and negative controls)

Reagent	Quantity
2X LAMP Master Mix 2X SYBR	10uL
PCR Water	8uL
18S Primer set	1uL
Final Volume	19uL

2. Pipette 19uL of this mixture into each well according to your LAMP experimental plate set up.

3. Pipette 1uL of sample gDNA into each well, according to your experiment. For negative controls replace the gDNA sample with 1uL of RNase/DNase free water to bring the total volume to 20uL.

10. LAMP Amplification Protocol

Amplification conditions using 2x LAMP Master Mix:

Time	Temperature	Detection Format
45 min.	65C	18S = SYBR (518-530)

11. Expected Performance

Before Interpreting results, it is necessary to verify the integrity of the reaction. If the following criteria are not satisfied, then testing needs to be repeated.

- NEC is free from amplification in the SYBR (518-530) channel.
- NTC is free from amplification in the SYBR (518-530) channel.

Manually inspect amplification criteria are fulfilled for all samples to verify the integrity of the results.

12. Interpreting the test results

If all the data analysis criteria are fulfilled, then each sample can be assessed with the following metric:

Target	Positive control	Negative control	Result
+	+	-	Positive Quantitative result (calculate quantity)
-	+	-	Negative result
+/-	+	Tt<35	Experiment failed (contamination)
+/-	+	Tt>35	*
+/-	-	+/-	Experiment failed

*The sample must be reinterpreted based on relative signal of the Target vs. Negative control.

13. General Instructions

13.1 Shaking of Reagents

- Shake each reagent gently before use.

13.2 Out of Date Kits

- Don't use kits that are expired. Don't exchange the reagents of different batches, or else it will drop the sensitivity.

14. Storage

- Storage condition: -20°C
- Storage period: 12 months

Customer Notes:

Contact Us

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